

The Daily Courant.

Tuesday, February 2. 1703.

London, Feb. 1. *This day arriv'd from Holland the Mails of Tuesday and Friday last.*

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Feb. 8.

THEY write from Rome of the 20th, that on the 14th in the night they felt several Shogs of an Earthquake there, which occasion'd such a Consternation, that most of the Inhabitants of that City ran out of their Houses into the great Squares, or into the neighbouring Fields, and others crowded into the Churches, to beg of Heaven to be preserv'd from the Danger that threatned them; the Pope caus'd the Bells to be toll'd all over the City; and two hours before day his Holiness went to the Cathedral of St. Peter and said Mass himself, being accompany'd by the whole Sacred College, and divers other Prelates: On the 16th he went thither again with the Cardinals, and the People flock'd to Confession to all the Churches in the City; and afterwards there were solemn Processions made; most of the Houses in Rome were damag'd more or less by this Earthquake, particularly the Ambassador of Spain was forc'd to leave his Palace, which was extremely shatter'd: There was no Person kill'd in Rome by these Shogs, but the Towns of Norcia, Carreto, Cascia, Rieti, Aquila, Spolero and Foligno, were almost wholly swallow'd up, and a great number of the Inhabitants overwhelm'd in the Ruins.

They write from Milan of Jan. 18, that a strong Convoy was gone from thence with 30 small Chests of Money which the King of France has sent to the Duke of Vendome for the Payment of his Troops; and they assure us, that 18000 Recruits for that Army are expected from France in a short time; and add, that the Regency of Genoa has granted leave for them to Land at Vado.

Venice, Jan. 26. We hear that the Bombs which the French have thrown into Bersello have done but little Damage, and that the Garrison of that place has taken 2 Barks laden with Corn, going from Cremona to Mantua. General Staremberg has caus'd a Battery to be rais'd of 4 Pieces of Cannon, where the Secchia discharges it self into the Po, to play upon the Barks that go to Mantua by that River and by the Mincio; which have sunk 2 Barks already, one laden with Wine, and t'other with Corn; that General continues to take all imaginable Precautions to prevent being surpriz'd by the French; for which end he has caus'd 2 Lines to be drawn from Ponte Molino to the Torre de Scavalle, and those Lines to be strengthen'd by a Ditch full of Water of 24 foot in breadth, and 12 in depth; he has likewise order'd a Sluice to be made at Ostiglia, in case of need to overflow the flat Country almost as far as Mantua.

From the Paris Gazette, a la main, dated Feb. 5.

They write from Italy that the Gend'armerie and 16 Squadrons of Cavalry are order'd to return homewards, The Duke of Vendome having represented that so great a Number of Horse is not necessary in a Country so full of Inclosures, Morasses, Ditches and Canals; these Troops are to

take some time of refreshment in the Franche Comte, and afterwards they are to Serve in Germany. In the Room of the Gend'armerie, some Troops of Dragoons will be sent into Italy.

'Tis advis'd from Nerva of the 12th of January, that the day before a Party of Muscovite Horse advanc'd to the Suburbs of that City, where they Burnt several Houses, as likewise several Villages in that Neighbourhood, putting the Inhabitants to the Sword; but the Cannon from the Walls of Nerva galling them severely, they drew off.

They write from Dantzick of the 27th. that the Great Treasurer Sapieha is arriv'd at Warsaw, and has had a Conference with the Cardinal Primate. The Muscovites continue their march towards Wilna, to assist the King of Poland, who on Advice of the Swedes coming into Prussia, has order'd his Saxon Troops that were in great Poland to come to him into Prussia; mean time his Baggage is pack'd up, and 'tis said his Majesty will go from thence in a few days, but whether to Marienberg or elsewhere is uncertain.

And from Leipfick of the 31st they write, That the K. of Sweden insists on the K. of Poland's being dethroned; and that Count Piper has declared to the Secretary of the Deputies of the Republick, that the Swedish Army will not depart out of Poland till his Master has receiv'd entire Satisfaction. Some suspect that there is an understanding between the Cardinal Primate, the French King, and the Elector of Bavaria; and that the latter has the Crown of Poland in his Eye.

The Castle of Traerbach is vigorously attack'd by the Allies, but holds out in hopes of being reliev'd.

The French are in Motion in Alsacia, and 'tis apprehended will shortly make a Diversion in favour of the Elector of Bavaria; and some Advices say, they will make an Attempt on Fort Kehl.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated Feb. 10.

Wesel, Feb. 6. The King of Prussia is arriv'd at Magdeburg. In a Council of War that was lately held here, it was resolv'd to Summon Rhinberg which was accordingly done on the 4th, by the Baron du Caune Adjutant-General; upon which, two of the Chief Officers, viz. The Lieutenant du Roy and a Lieutenant-Collonel were sent hither by the Governour Monsieur Grammond, who last Night Supp'd with our Governour the Count de Lottum.

Wesel, Feb. 6. This Morning a French Commissary and a Major came hither out of Rhinberg, to Capitate for the Surrendring of that Place, and we have sent two Officers thither. The Conditions demanded by the Enemy are not yet made Publick.

Hague, Feb. 4. The Deputies of the Chapter and City of Liege, have presented a Memorial to the States General. My Lord Paget continues still at Utrecht, but the Yatch and Convoy that are to carry him over to England being arriv'd in the Maese, he is expected here very soon. The Baron de Bose, Envoy of the King of Poland to Her Majesty of Great Britain, is arriv'd here in his way to England.

Amsterdam,

Amsterdam, Feb. 9. The Earl of Athlone arriv'd two days ago from Wesell at Utrecht, in his way to the Hague; but was hinder'd from proceeding on his Journey thither, by an Indisposition that seiz'd him on a sudden; but being let Blood he is grown somewhat better, and 'tis hoped will soon be perfectly recover'd.

The French Garrisons of Mons, Aeth and Audenard, as also all the Troops that were in Valenciennes and Maubeuge, are marching to draw together near Brussels, whither the Garrisons of Lisle and Tournay are likewise moving.

They write from Cologne of the 6th of February, That the Count d'Arco has quitted the Service of the Elector of Bavaria in obedience to the Imperial Avocatoria.

They write from Mentz and Ratisbonne, That the Bavarians have besieg'd Nieubourg on the Danube, having before possess'd themselves of the Town of Weiden in the Upper Palatinate; that 8 Imperial Regiments are drawn together at Gemunt in Suabia, where a Council of War has been held by the Generals Stirum, Castelli, Gronsfelt, Palfi, the Duke of Wirtemburgh, and the Prince of Otinghen; and that they were to break up on the 1st of February, to march against the Bavarians.

They tell us in the Paris Gazette a la main of the 5th of February, that all the Troops that are in Alsatia and the Franche Comte are moving towards the Rhine, on Advice that the Enemies are drawing together about Fribourg, with design to attack Newbourg, and the Fort which covers the Bridge of Hunninghen.

The Marquess de Survill is set out for Luxemburg, with Orders to draw together the Troops that are in those Parts.

The Marshal de Tallard is gone to his Command on the Moselle.

Some Letters from Court tell us (says the same Gaz. a la main) that Cardinal d'Estrees is to go to Lisbon to negociate a Marriage between the Infanta of Portugal and the Duke of Berry, and another between the late Queen of England's Daughter and the Prince of Brazil: But of this there is nothing certain.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Feb. 3.

The Letters from Italy of the 16th bring no News of any moment, the Thaw and Rains having made the Ways unpassable.

From the Paris Gazette a la main, dated Feb. 5.

The Mareschal de Montrevel, who is gone from hence to Languedoc, has orders to offer a general Pardon to all those that have taken Arms in the Cevennes; but if fair means will not prevail on them to return to their Duty, he is to treat them with the utmost Rigour: The Troops which he is to command, will be composed of 4 Regiments of Foot, one of Horse, one of Dragoons, two Battallions of Marines from on board the Men of War, and another from on board the Gallies, together with 800 Miquelets that are marching from Catalonia, which together with the Militia of the Province of Languedoc, will, 'tis reckon'd, make an Army of 12000 Men.

The King of Spain is arrived at Madrid.

Falmouth, Jan. 27. This day arriv'd the Spanish-Alliance Pacquet-Boat from Lisbon, Capt. Green Commander, but lost from Kinsale, being forced to put in there by Strefs of Weather; the Captain reports, that the Dover and Monck are Cruising about 15 Leagues to the Westward of Scilly; and that the Dover had taken on the 23d, a French Privateer of St. Maloes call'd the Thoulouze of 36 Guns and 285 Men, who had taken the Uphall Frigate from New-England, Thomas Windfor, for London, which is also retaken; The Privateer reports that she came out of St. Maloes 10 days ago,

with another Privateer, call'd the St. Esprit of 44 Guns, but was separated from her the day before she was taken.

Dartmouth, Jan. 29. Yesterday put into Torbay Her Majesty's Ship the Medway, Capt. Middleton Commander from Cruising to the Westward. This day was sent in here by two Dutch Capers a French Ship of 150 Tuns, 10 Guns and 30 Men, bound for the West-Indies with Wine and Provisions. The French Ship mention'd in my last, which put into Salcomb by Strefs of Weather, is found to be laden with Lemmons and Oranges bound home from Lisbon, and at first pretended to be a Portuguese.

Harwich, Jan. 30. Yesterday Morning the Panton of Yarmouth, John Paife Master, was taken by a French Privateer, but several Passengers being on Board got into the Boat and made their Escape hither; but the Master and his Son staid on Board and would not come off.

Deale, Jan. 31. Her Majesty's Ship the Swan came down last Night from the River, and sail'd through the Downes to the Westward with all the outward-bound Merchant Ships; Leaving behind in the Downes the Weymouth, Litchfield, Bonaventure, Lynn and Postillion, and the Dutchess a Merchant Ship for the East-Indies.

††† A Doctor in Physick, Cures all the Degrees, and Indispositions, in Venereal Persons; and by a most easie, safe, and expeditious Method: He likewise gives his Advice in all Diseases, and Prescribes a Cure. Dr. Harborough (a Graduate Physician) in Great Knight-Riders-Street, near Doctors-Commons.

This day is publish'd,

Reasons humbly offer'd to the Conformists, why they should hold Occasional Communion with Protestant Dissenters. By a Divine of the Church of England as by Law Establish'd. Sold by A. Baldwin in Warwick-Lane.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Truth of the Christian Religion. Written originally in Italian, by the Marquess of Pianezza. To which is prefix'd, an Account of the Author, and of his Treatise, &c. By Tho. Wise, M. A. Fellow of Exeter-College in Oxford. Dedicated to the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Exeter. Printed for J. Taylor at the Ship in St. Paul's Church-yard.

FAMILY Devotions for Sunday-Evenings, in four Volumes, each containing Thirteen Practical Discourses, with suitable Prayers for the four Quarters of the Year. By Theophilus Dorington Rector of Witlesham in Kent. The Third Edition. printed for John Wyat at the Rose in St. Paul's Church-yard. price 10s. Also 52 Sermons on the Church-Catechism, being a course for the whole Year. By Peter Newcome, M. A. price 12 s.

THE New Association of those called Moderate Church-Men, with the Modern-Whigs and Fanatics, to Under-mine and Blow-up the present Church and Government. Occasion'd by a late Pamphlet, entituled, *The Danger of Priest-Craft*, &c. With a Supplement, on occasion of the new Scotch Presbyterian Covenant. By a True Church-Man.

A Letter of Present Concern: Being a Vindication of his Royal Majesty King Charles I. from the foul Aspersions of Baxter and Others. Both sold by the Booksellers of London and Westminster.

GALATEO of Manners; or Instructions to a young Gentleman, how to behave himself in Conversation. Written originally in Italian, and translated into English. Printed for Bernard Lintott at the Middle-Temple-Gate, and sold by Francis Faucet at the Blew Anchor in the New Exchange. price 1 s. 6 d.